

Adsorption of CO₂ on modified Fe₃O₄ surfaces studied by density-functional theory

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In recent years, Fe₃O₄ (magnetite) represents a versatile oxide material due to many industrial applications [1-2]. The Atomic level understanding on the interaction of H₂O and other molecules on Fe₃O₄ surfaces have been studied and reported. However, the CO₂ adsorption and activation are still topic of current research [3]. The capture and storage of CO₂ plays an important role for the greenhouse effect and carbon recycling.

This work reports results on periodic models of adsorbed CO₂ on various modified Fe₃O₄ surfaces. As an initial stage of CO₂ activation study, adsorption thermodynamics of different CO₂ coverage up to 2 ML is studied. We employ density-functional theory using the Perdew, Burke, Ernzerhof [4] gradient-corrected exchange-correlation functional including a correction for the Fe 3d levels by an onsite Hubbard-type U parameter. This approach was shown to perform accurately for the description of important bulk properties [5].

References:

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