

Uncertainties in assessing climate change impacts and adaptation in agriculture

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Importance of uncertainties

- ✓ Policy decisions and support for them depend on anticipations of future – and on perceived effects of policy measures
- ✓ Anthropogenic climate change has long lead times
- ✓ Many different factors will determine the effect of climate change on ecosystem and society
- ✓ Can we quantify the uncertainty of impacts?
- ✓ Can we quantify the decision and thus the adaptation process?



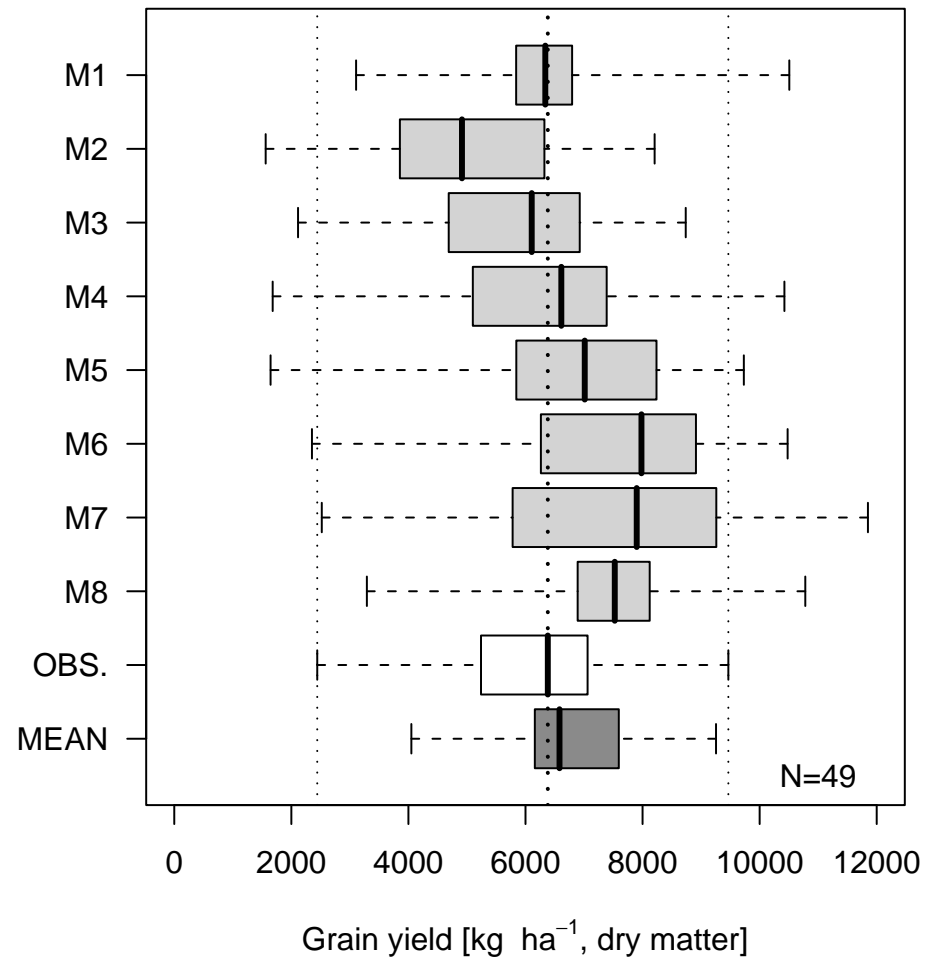
Issues for studying agriculture and climate change

- › Impacts on crop yield and quality
 - › Direct effects from changes in CO₂, temperature and rainfall and their variability
 - › Effects of extreme events (drought, flood, storms)
 - › Indirect effects through nutrient availability, pests and diseases
- › Adaptation
 - › Autonomous adaptation (sowing date, crop choice, cultivar choice)
 - › Planned adaptation (water supply for irrigation, breeding, support for abandonment)
- › Environmental and resource effects
 - › Nitrogen and phosphorous losses to the environment
 - › Water overuse from surface and groundwater
 - › Soil degradation
- › Effects on greenhouse gas emissions
 - › Changes in soil carbon from soil and crop management and from climate
 - › Emissions of nitrous oxide and methane from farming systems
- › Mitigating greenhouse gases from agriculture

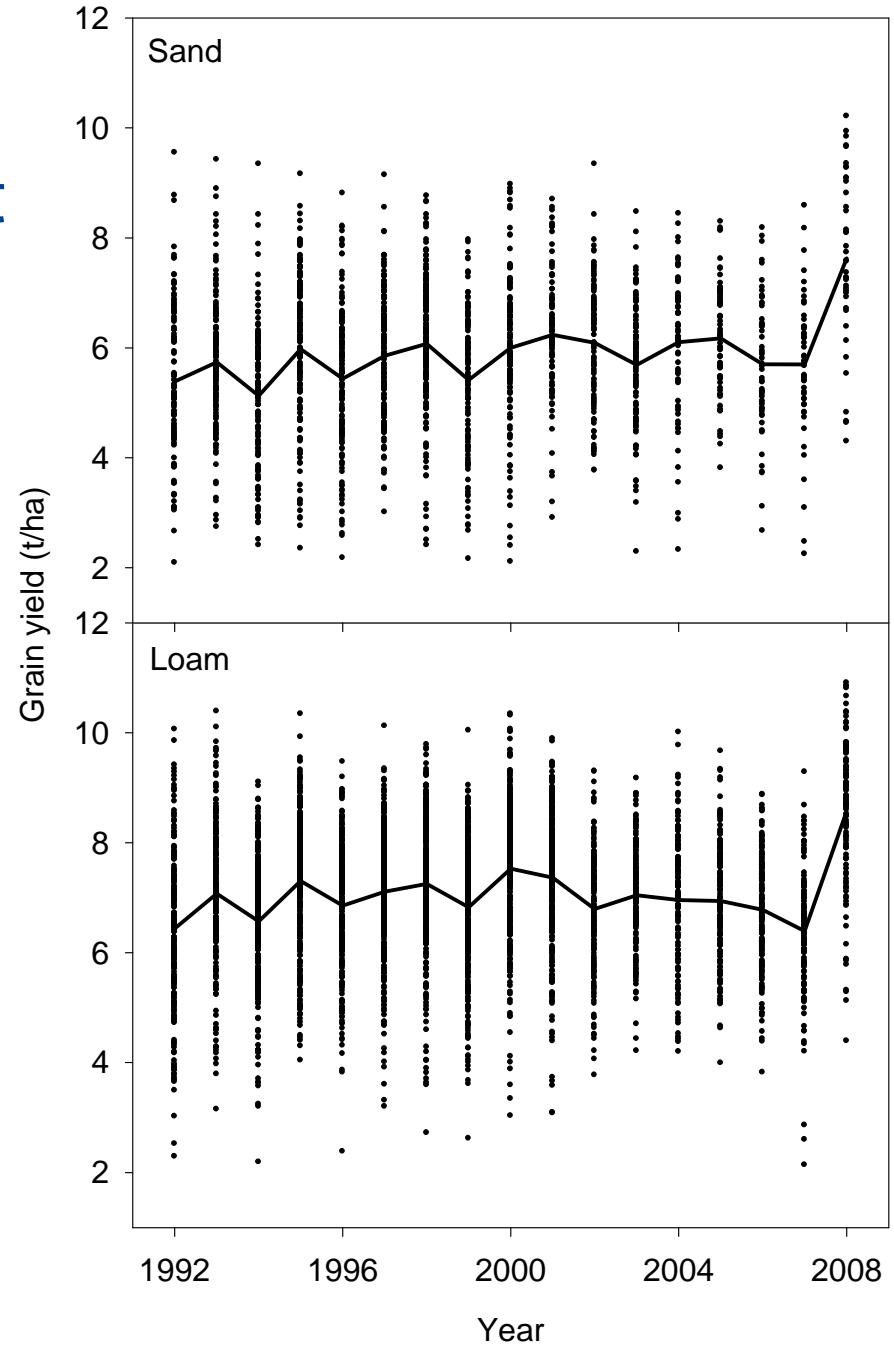
Methods of studying climate change impacts and adaptation

- › Crop simulation models
- › Empirical (statistical) models
- › Agroclimatic indices
- › Space for time / analogies
- › Expert knowledge
- › Manipulation experiments (controlled environment or free air)
- › Analysis of farm level statistics
- › Questionnaire surveys, stakeholder interviews

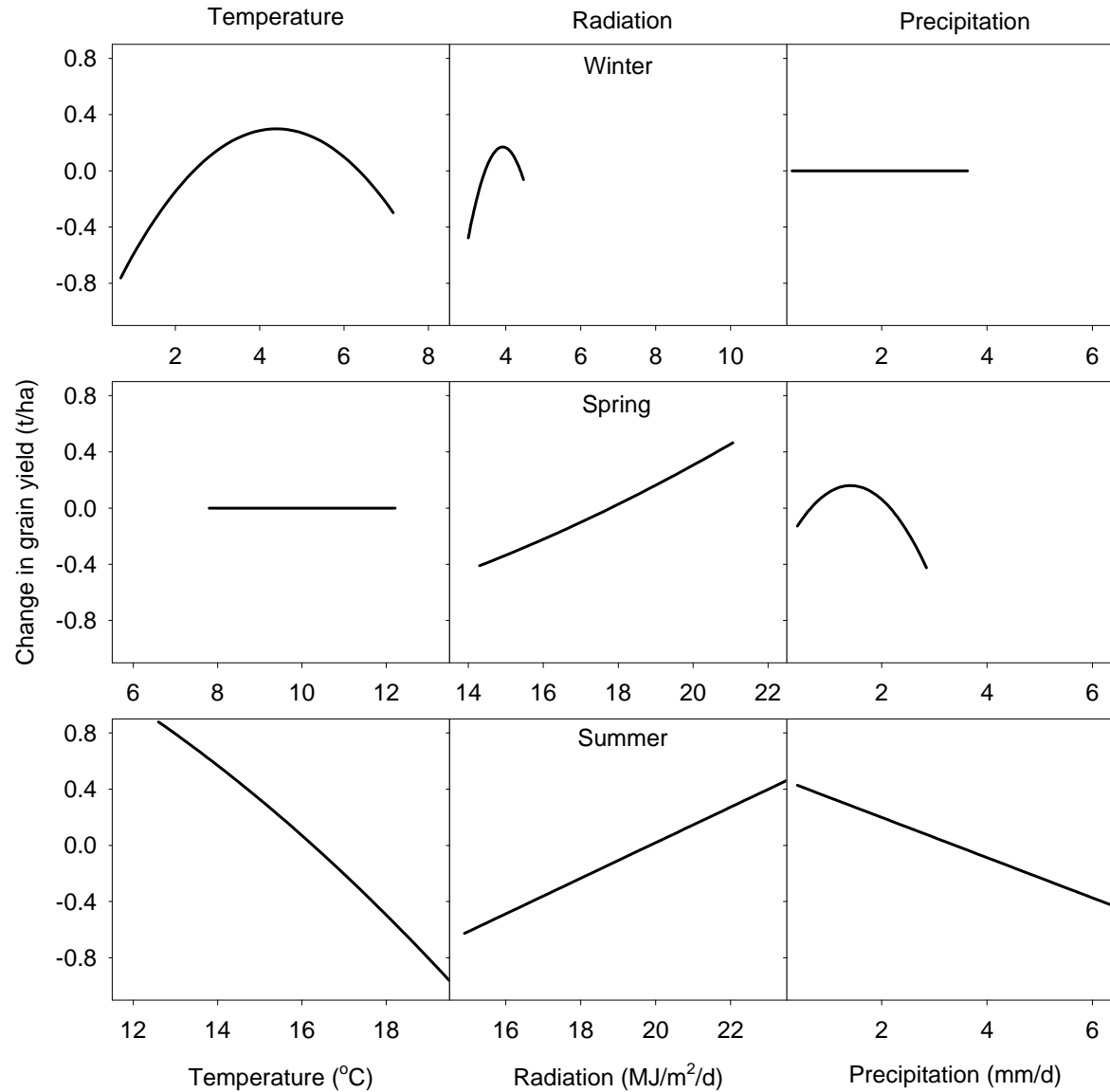
Can we trust current crop models?



Data on yield of winter wheat 1992-2008 from Denmark



Winter wheat grain yield – response to climate



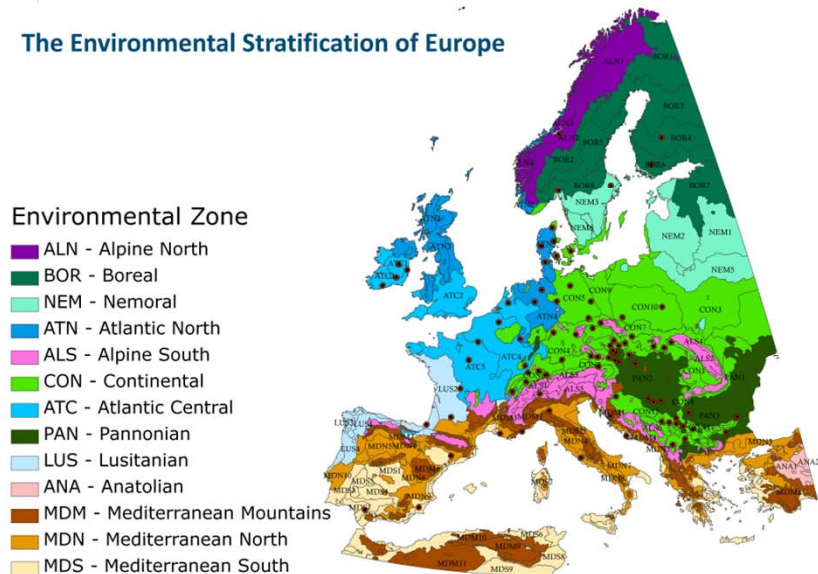
Estimated yield change for winter wheat using empirical model

	Climate model	Yield (t/ha)	CV (%)
1985		7.3	16
2020	KNMI	7.2	20
	Met. Office	6.9	33
2040	KNMI	7.0	25
	Met. Office	6.5	46

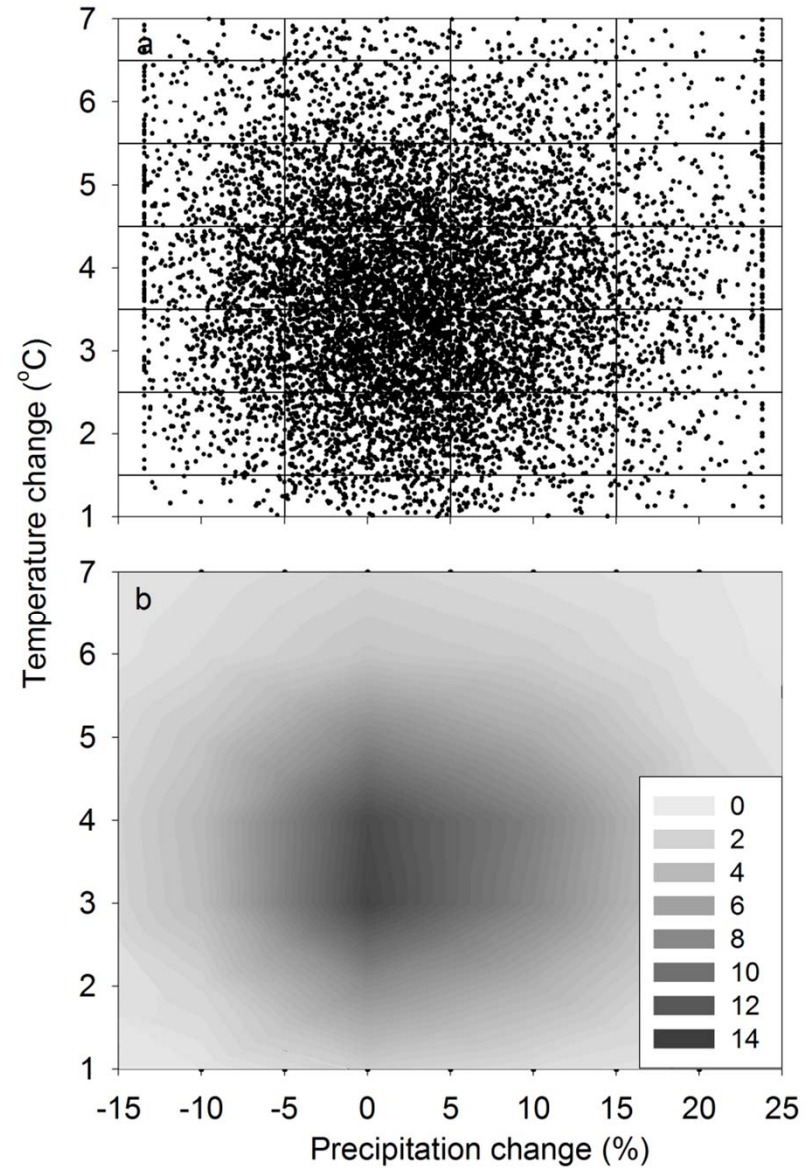
Change in agroclimatic indicators by 2030

Environmental Zone	Effective global radiation change (%)			Effective growing days change (days)			Huglin index change (%)			Date of the last frost change (days)			Proportion of dry days in AMJ change (%)			Proportion of dry days in JJA change (%)			Proportion of sowing days - early spring change (%)			Proportion of sowing days - fall change (%)		
	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N	E	H	N
ALN	3	6	7	15	16	25	12	16	19	-5	-6	-8	0	0	1	-2	-2	-2	5	7	7	0	2	2
BOR	3	4	7	13	11	17	12	23	14	-4	-6	-4	-2	0	-1	-2	1	-6	4	5	5	3	4	5
NEM	4	5	4	14	9	20	12	22	13	-5	-5	-5	2	1	1	0	4	-3	5	5	6	5	6	7
ATN	0	0	3	7	3	17	11	15	11	-5	-7	-8	-1	-1	-3	7	11	3	4	3	5	3	3	4
ALS	0	1	3	4	2	8	12	16	10	-6	-9	-6	-1	-2	-2	8	9	3	5	5	3	4	4	5
CON	-3	-3	1	-1	-2	5	11	16	11	-4	-7	-5	-1	-1	-2	9	11	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
ATC	-2	-3	1	0	-4	7	11	16	10	-6	-9	-8	-3	-3	-6	9	14	5	2	3	3	2	1	3
PAN	-15	-11	-8	-18	-13	-9	11	15	10	-5	-6	-5	2	2	0	17	16	10	3	3	2	2	3	4
LUS	-9	-9	-3	-21	-21	-6	12	16	10	-6	-7	-6	4	5	3	22	23	8	3	2	1	2	2	3
MDM	-10	-7	-3	-10	-7	-3	12	15	10	-2	-3	-2	8	7	4	14	13	7	4	3	2	2	2	2
MDN	-10	-7	-2	-11	-5	-3	9	12	8	-24	-23	-20	8	6	3	9	7	4	2	1	1	1	-1	2
MDS	-15	-14	-7	-14	-10	-6	8	12	8	-10	-11	-11	8	8	5	1	1	1	-3	-2	-1	-5	-3	0

The Environmental Stratification of Europe

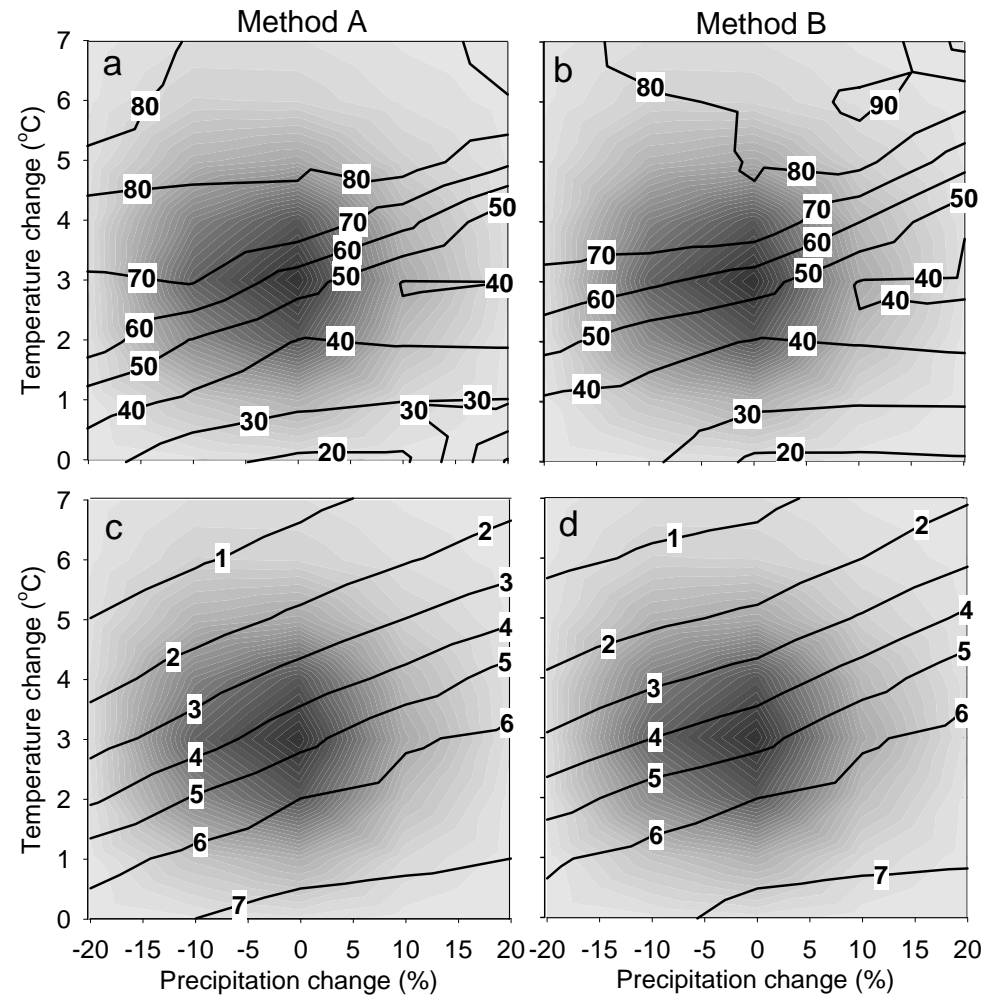


Probability of temperature and rainfall changes in Denmark in 2061-2080 under A1B



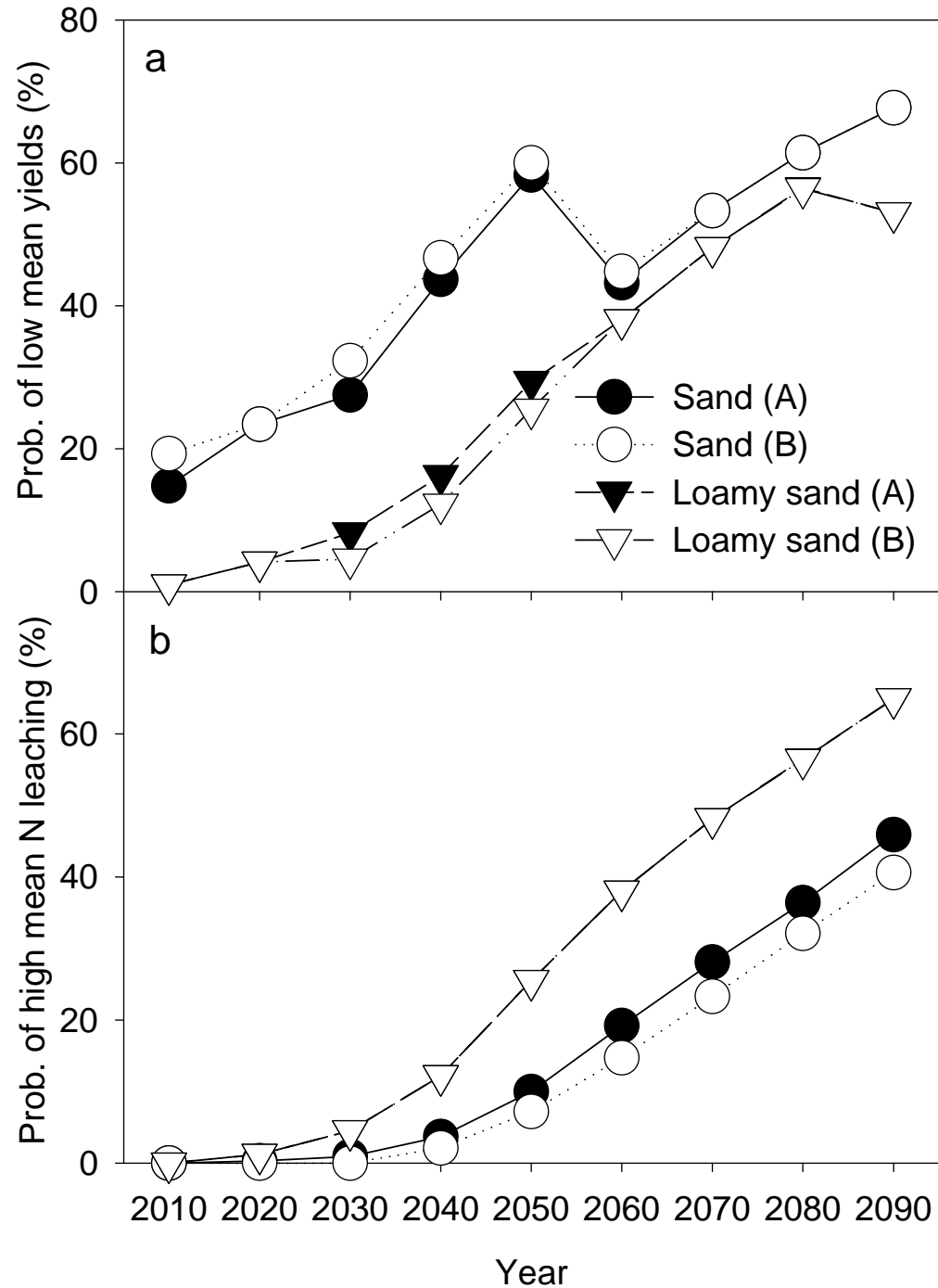
Probabilistic assessment of effects on grain yield and N leaching of winter wheat

N-leaching



Grain yield

Probabilistic assessment of effects on grain yield and N leaching of winter wheat



Challenges (and opportunities) for research

- › Include indirect effects of climate change into impact studies
- › Study effects of climatic extremes on impacts and adaptation
- › Study effects of climate change on resources (soil quality, water availability)
- › Study effects of climate change and agricultural management on environmental impacts (N and P losses, GHG emissions)
- › Link impact studies with adaptation and mitigation
- › Estimate costs of adaptation and mitigation measures at regional scale
- › Apply a wider range of methodologies in the studies
- › **All this is needed to quantify uncertainties related to impacts and adaptation**
- › **We have done the easy stuff – now lets deal with whats important**