



Crops and cropping systems that contribute to carbon storage in soil

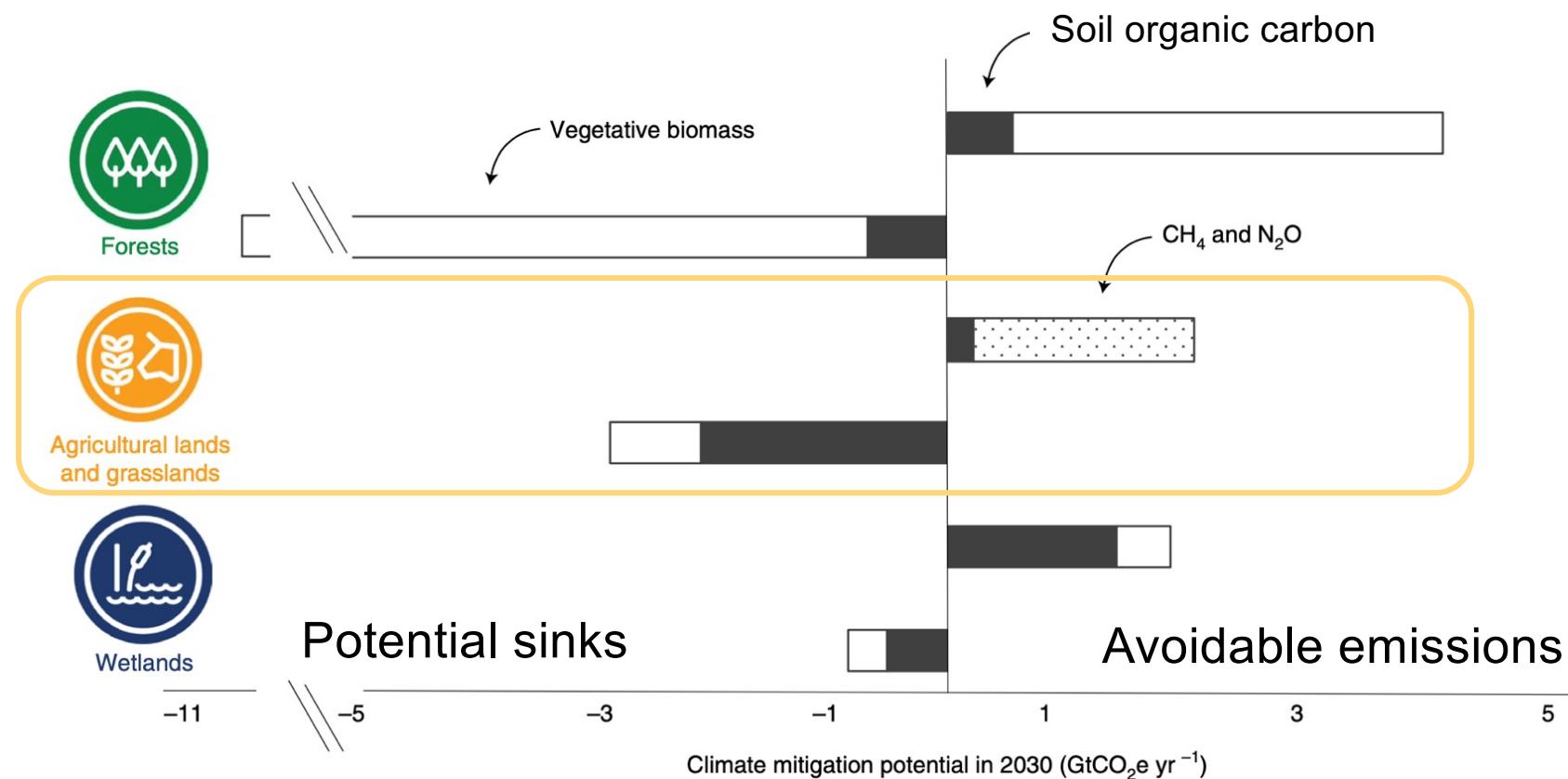
Zero Greenhouse Gas Emission in High Productive Agriculture

International conference 3 – 5 May

Novo Nordisk Foundation, Tuborg Havnevej 19, DK-2600 Hellerup

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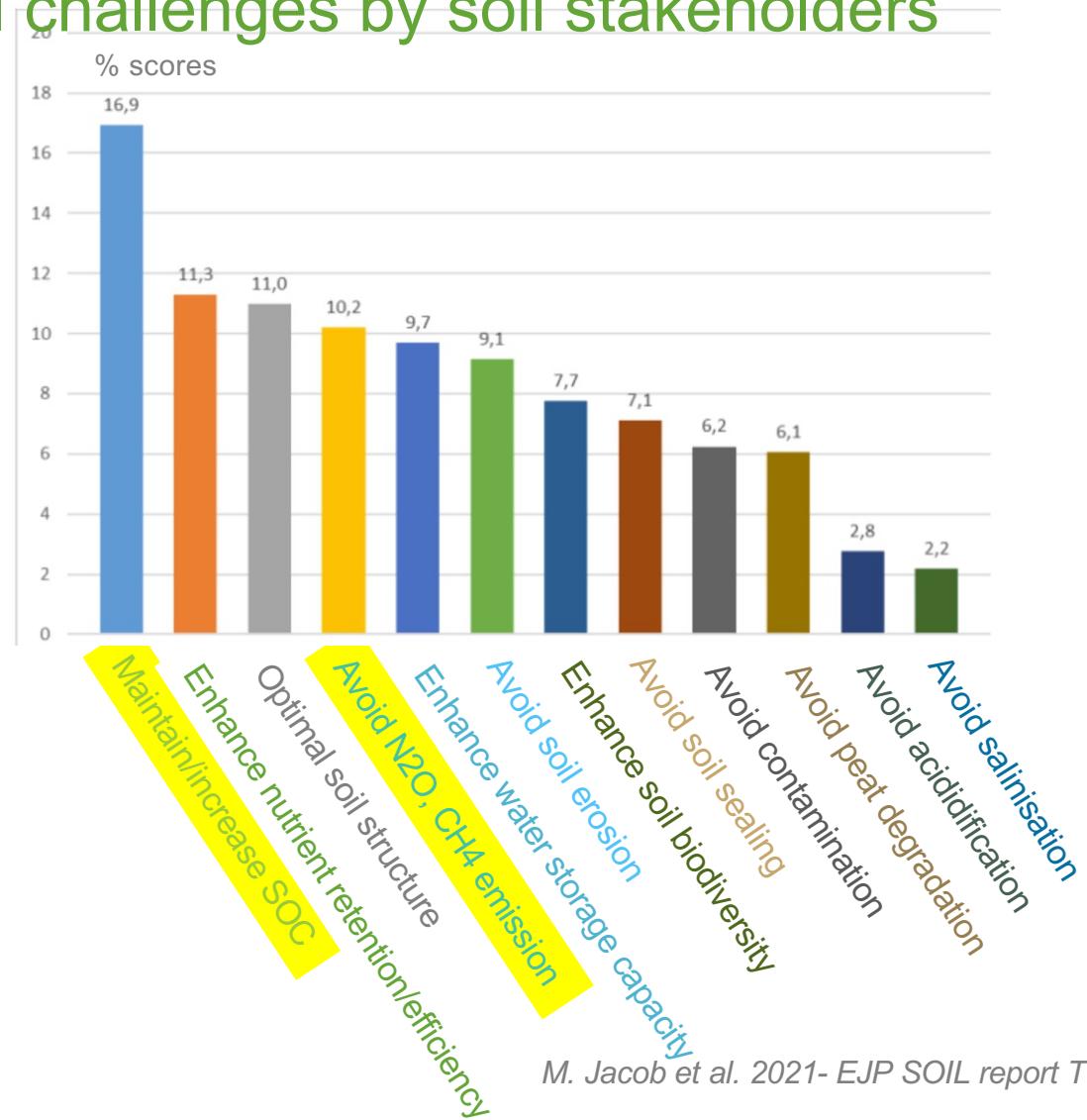
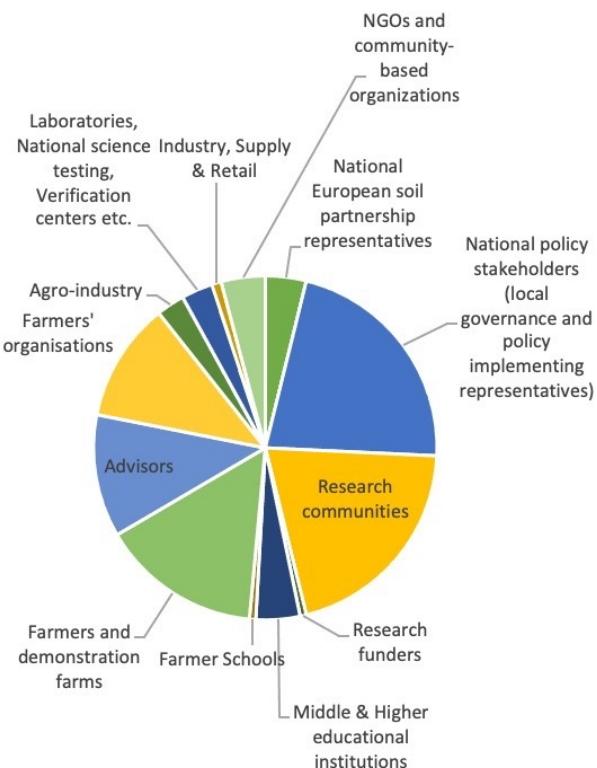
A globally large C sequestration potential in soils



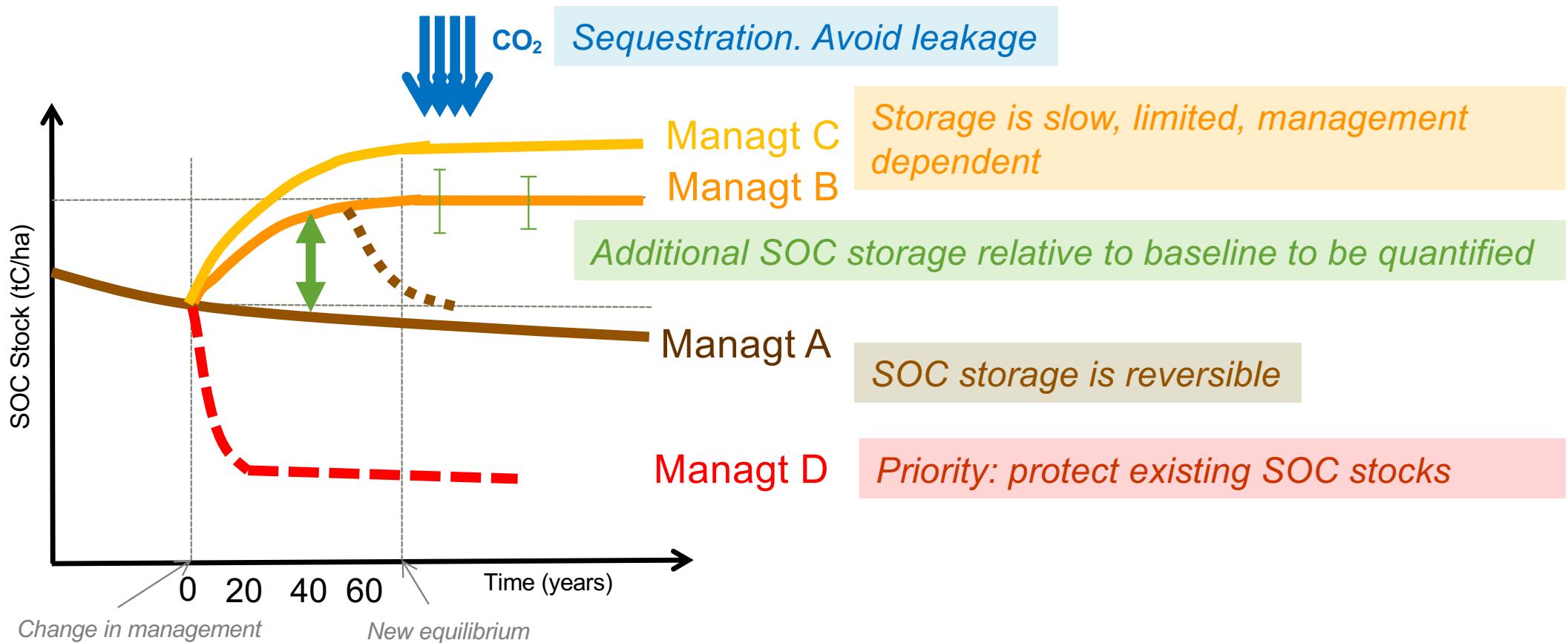
Bossio et al. 2020, *Nature Sustain*

Perception of agricultural soil challenges by soil stakeholders

National Hubs (>350 stakeholders)



SOC storage for climate change mitigation: framing it

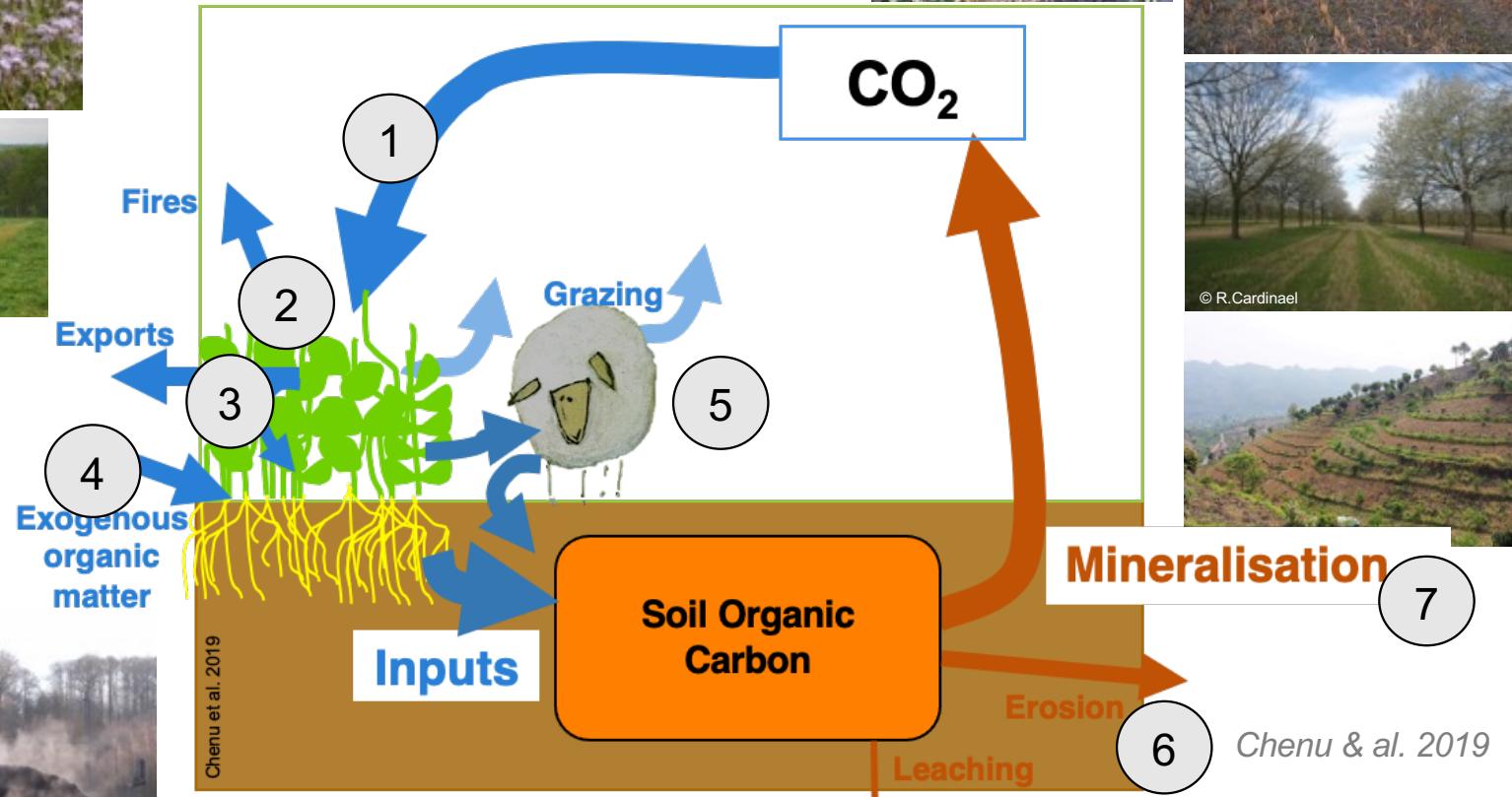


Organic amendments: a leakage issue



SOC storage ≠ SOC sequestration

How? Management options are identified!



To increase SOC stocks it is more efficient to increase organic inputs to soil than to reduce C outputs

1- Introduction

2- Storing additional carbon in soil: how much? where?

3- Storing additional carbon, beyond SOC

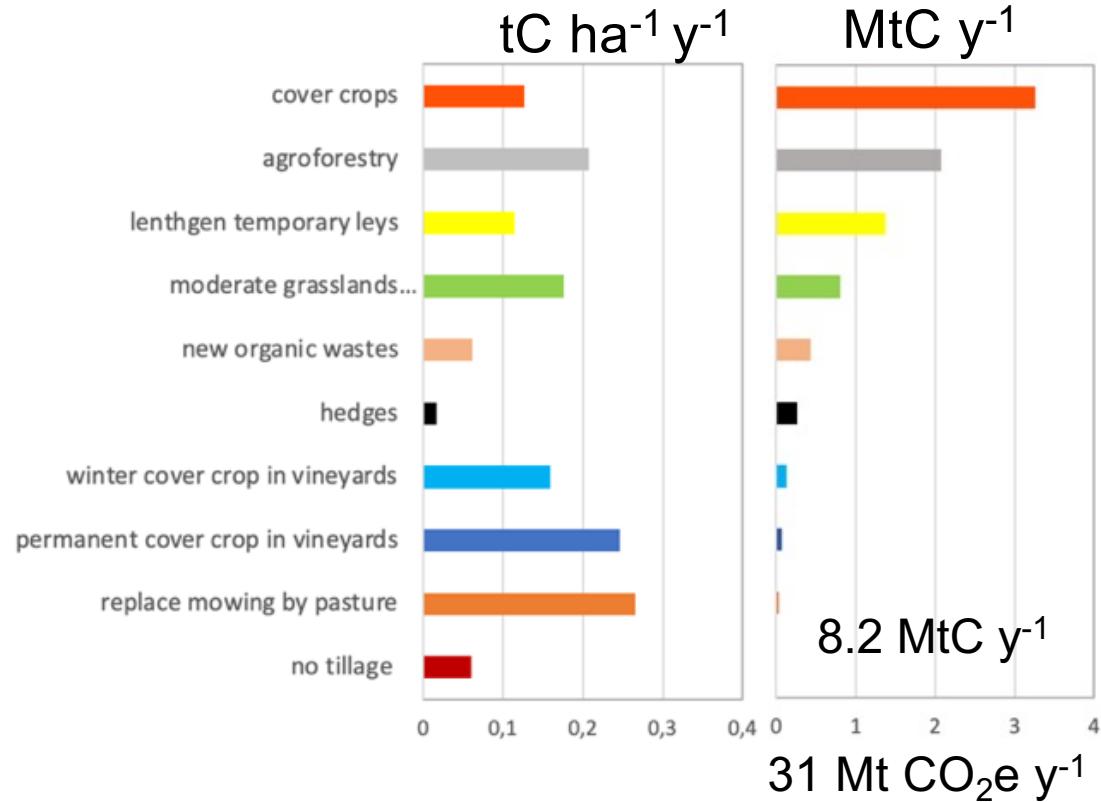
4- Innovative crops and cropping systems for C storage

5- The way forward

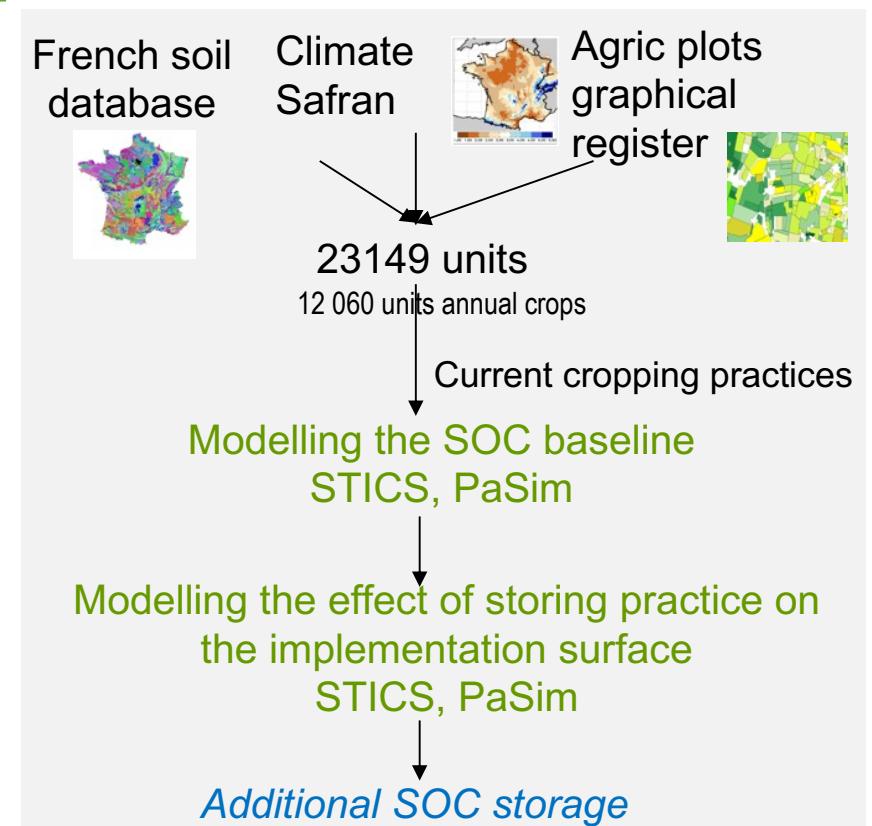
2- Storing additional carbon in soil: how much? where?

How much? SOC storage technical potential

Additional SOC storage mainland France (after 30 years)



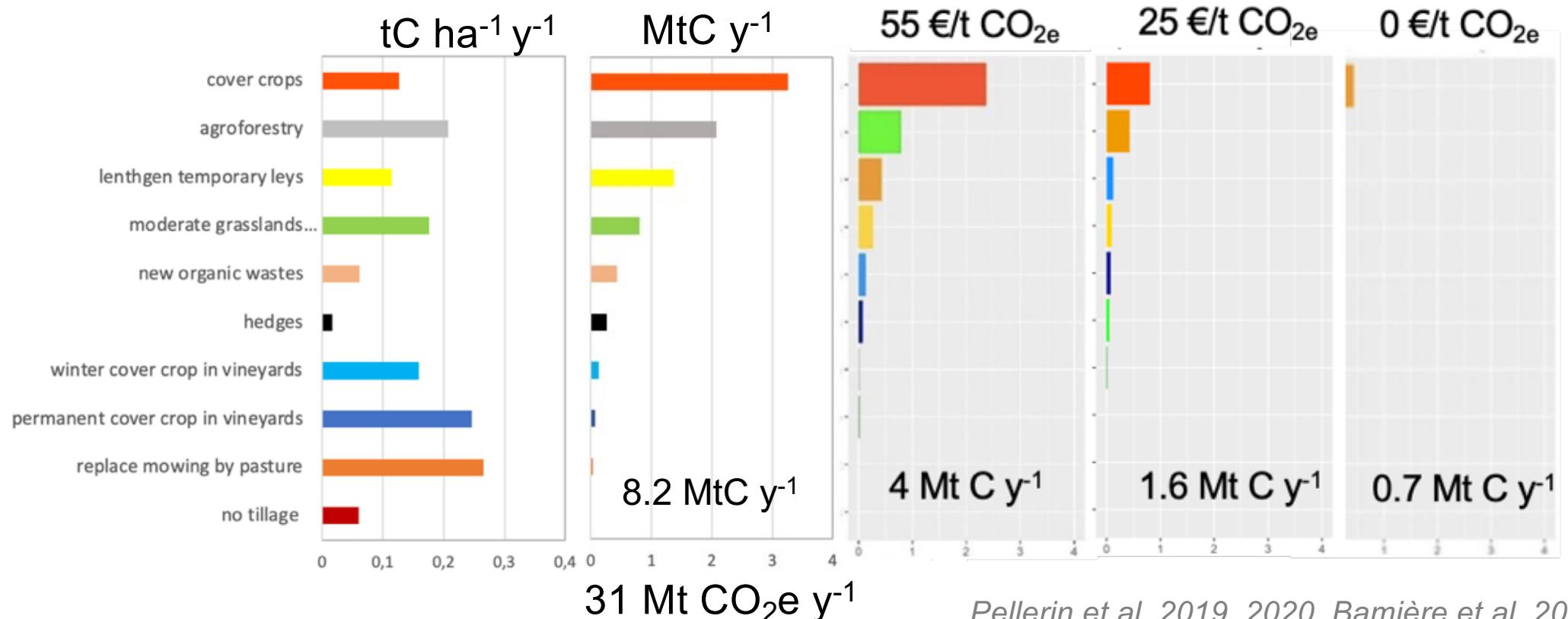
≈ 6% National annual GHG emissions
≈ 41% French annual agric emissions



Pellerin et al. 2019, 2020, Bamière et al. 2021
INRAE 4p1000 assessment
<https://www.inrae.fr/en/news/storing-4-1000-carbon-soils-potential-france>

How much? SOC storage economic potential

Additional SOC storage mainland France (after 30 years)



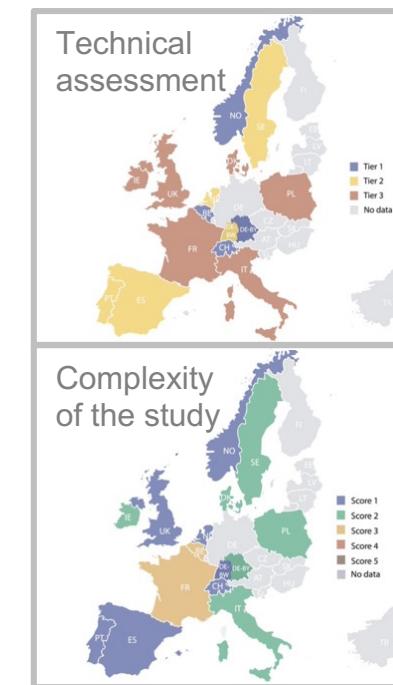
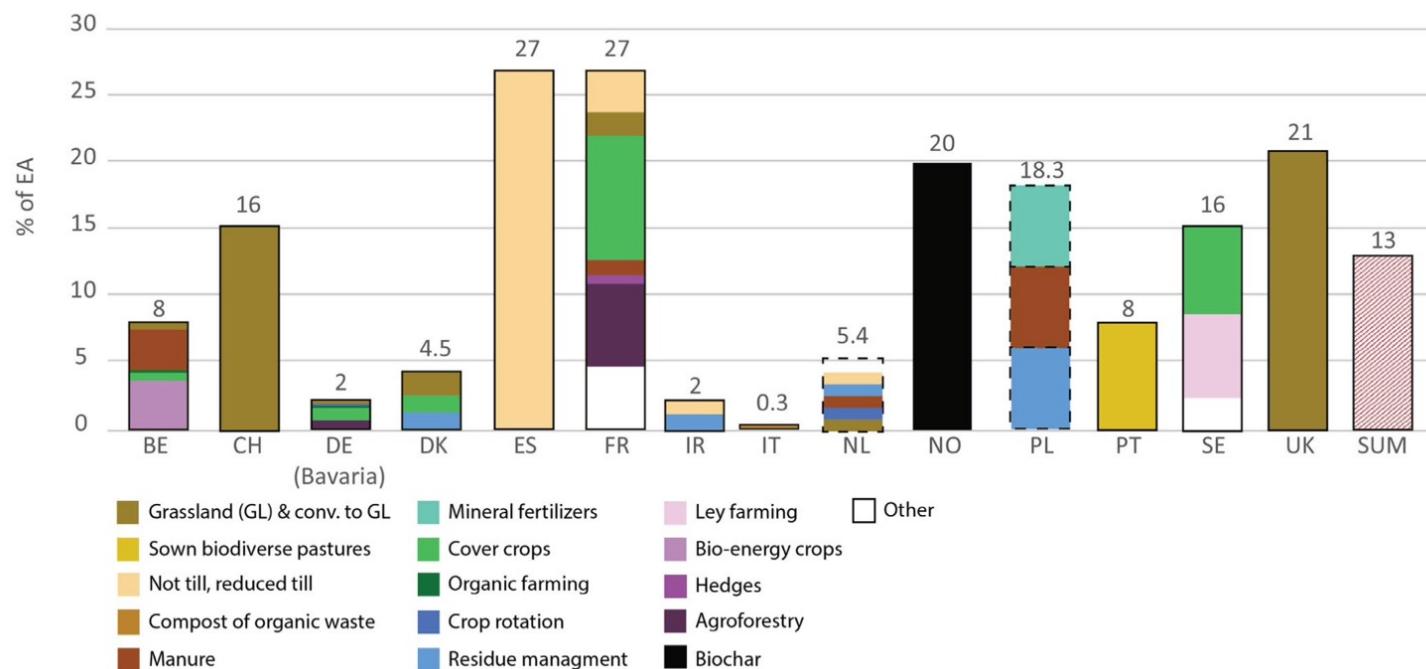
Additional SOC storage in agricultural SOC is significant, but has a cost: incentives needed

Pellerin et al. 2019, 2020, Bamière et al. 2021
INRAE 4p1000 assessment
<https://www.inrae.fr/en/news/storing-4-1000-carbon-soils-potential-france>

How much? SOC storage technical potential

Stocktake of existing studies at the national scale:

Potential for reducing annual National agricultural GHG emissions (%) by additional SOC storage



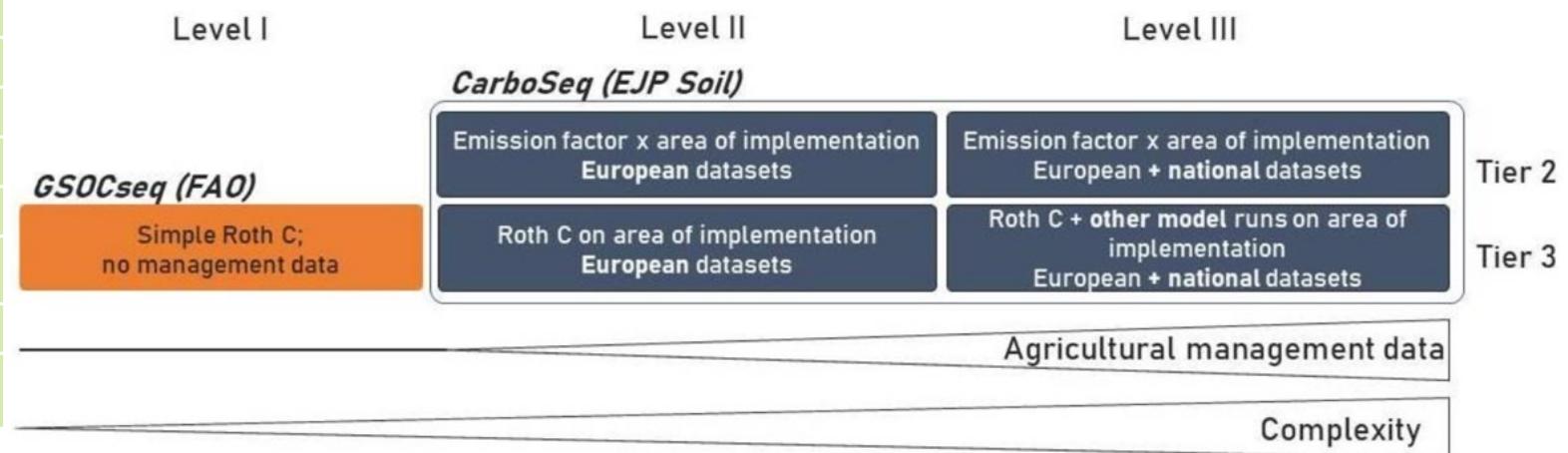
Rogrigues et al. 2021- GCB - EJP SOIL report D2.3

Widely contrasted management options considered and methods used

Estimating the technical carbon sequestration potential of 23 European countries in a common effort: the CARBSEQ project



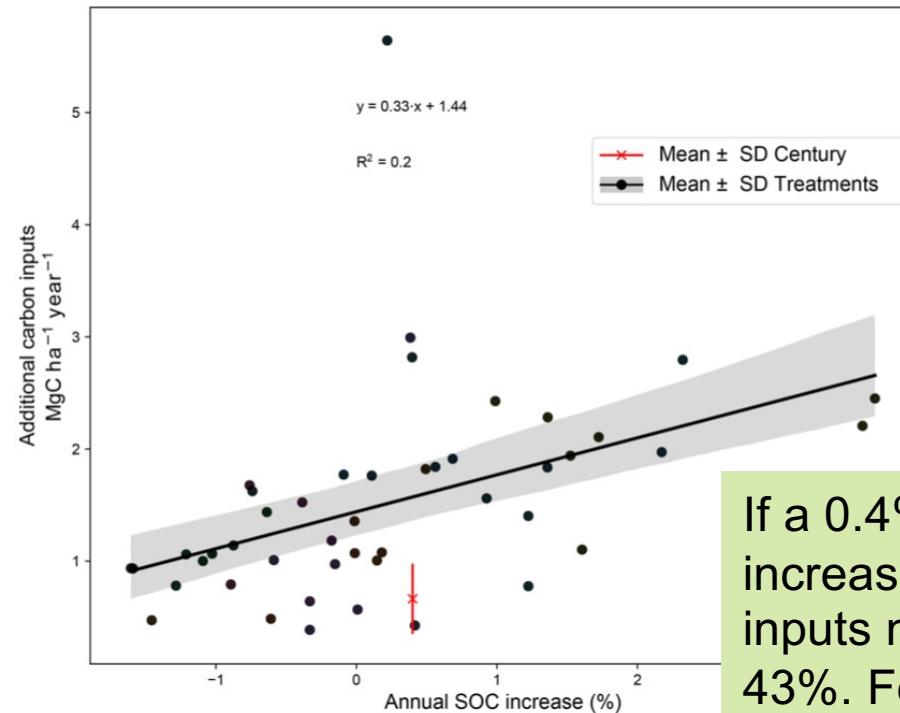
Cover crops
High carbon crops in the rotations
Intercropping
Crop residues
No tillage
Reduced tillage
Irrigation
Hedgerows
Agroforestry (Alley cropping)
Biochar application
Land-use change to grassland



A. Don et al. CarboSeq Proposal, 2020
www.ejpsoil.eu

How much OC inputs needed for a given SOC increase?

- Inverse modelling (Century)
- 14 long term experiments

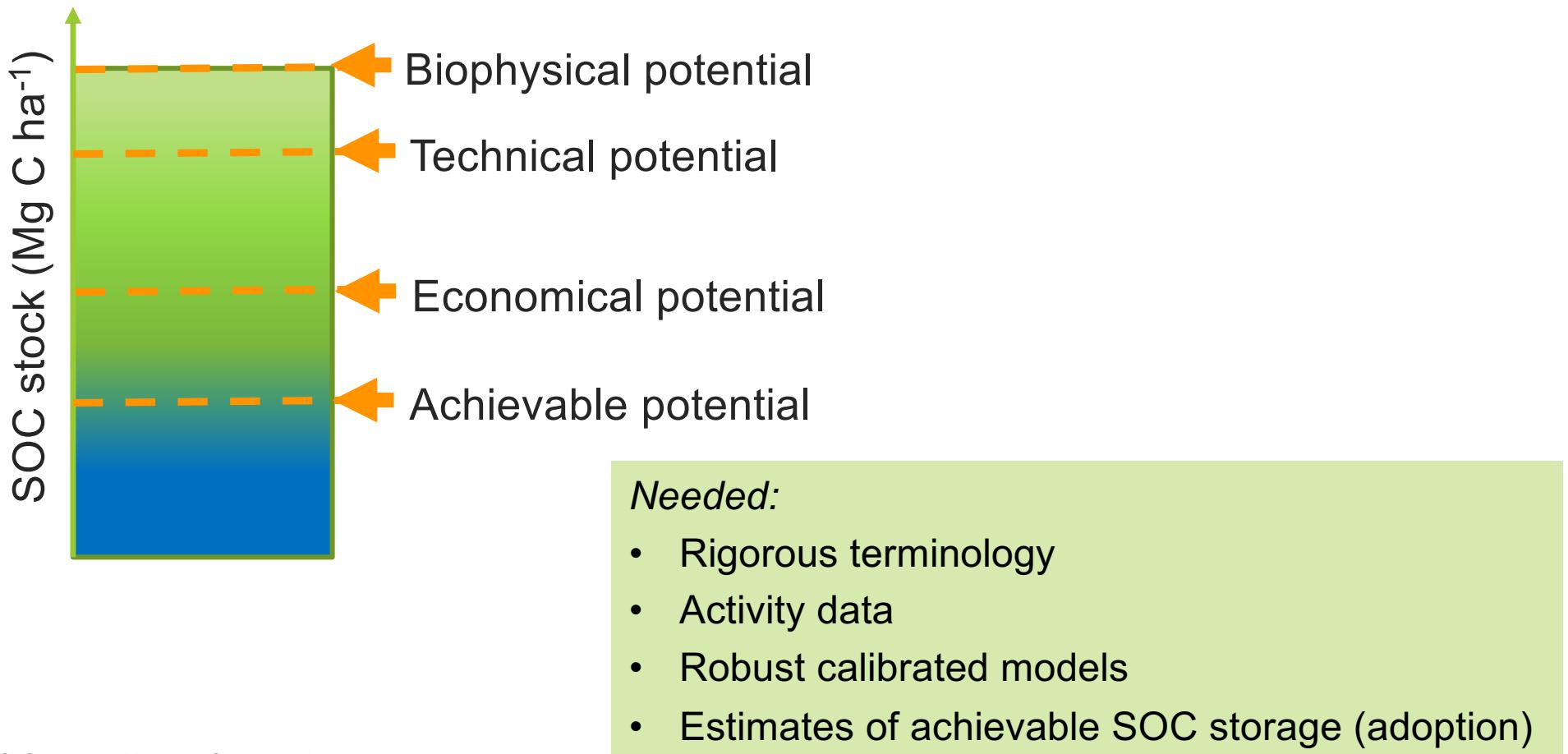


If a 0.4% SOC annual increase is targeted inputs need to increase by 43%. Feasible?

Correlation between additional carbon inputs (Mg C ha^{-1} per year) and annual SOC stock increase (%) in the carbon input treatments and mean \pm standard deviation of the additional carbon inputs to reach the 0.4 % target in Century.

Bruni et al. 2021, Biogeosciences

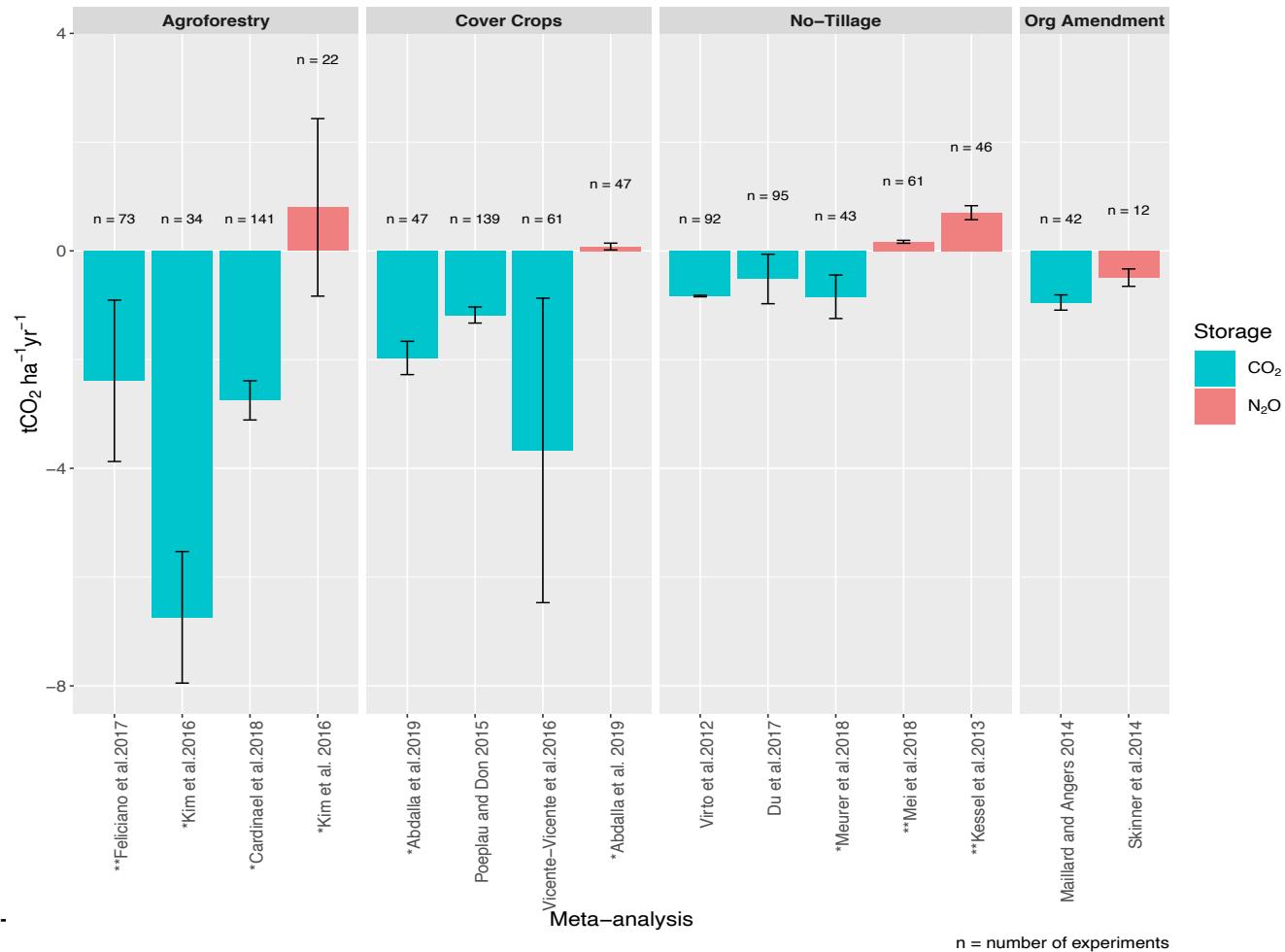
Carbon storage potentials need to be estimated



3- Storing additional carbon, beyond SOC

Tradeoffs of SOC storage

Additional SOC storage & N₂O emissions when implementing management options

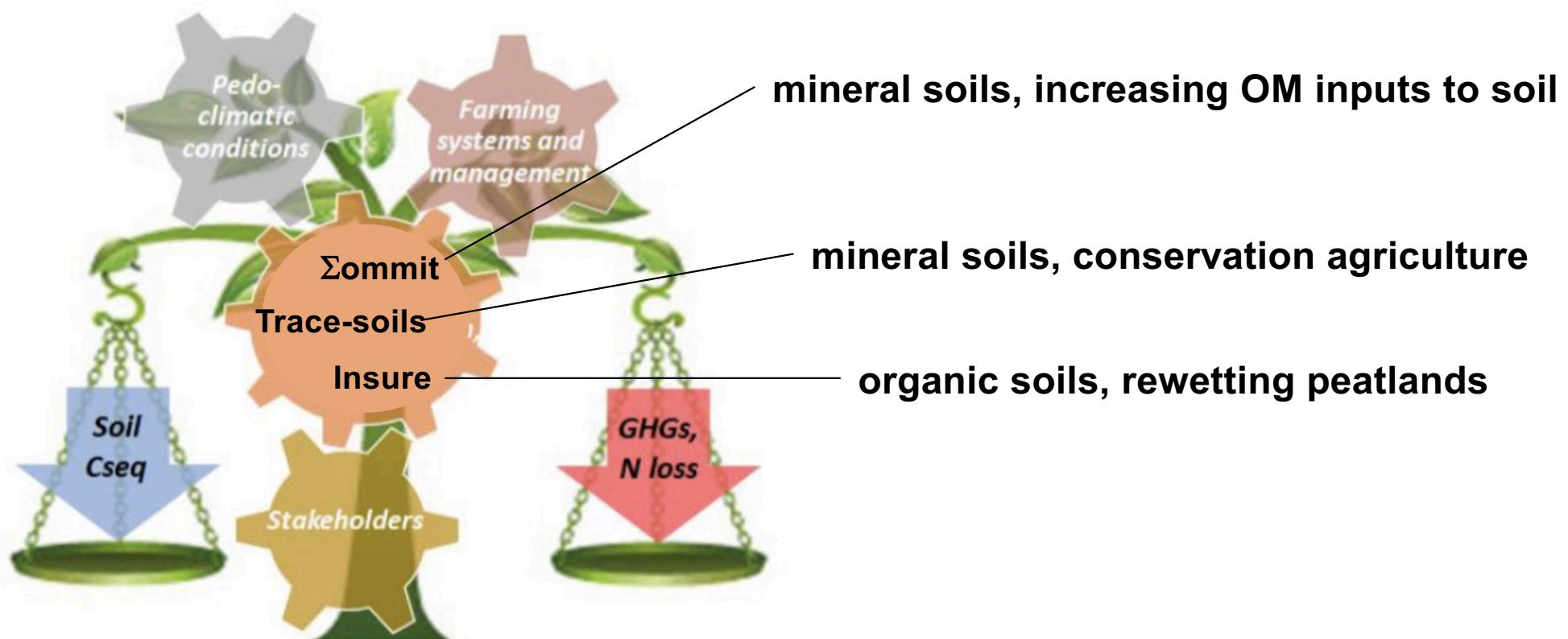


Guenet et al. 2020, GCB

2022-05-04- C.Chenu - ZEA conference-

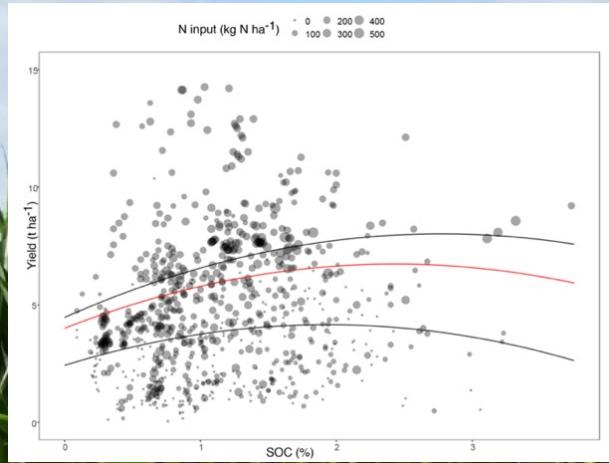
Tradeoffs of SOC storage: identification, prediction, management (ongoing projects)

Figure @ A. Lagomarsino

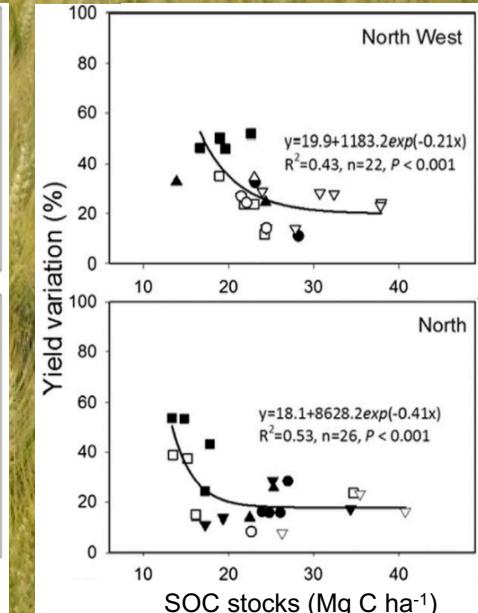
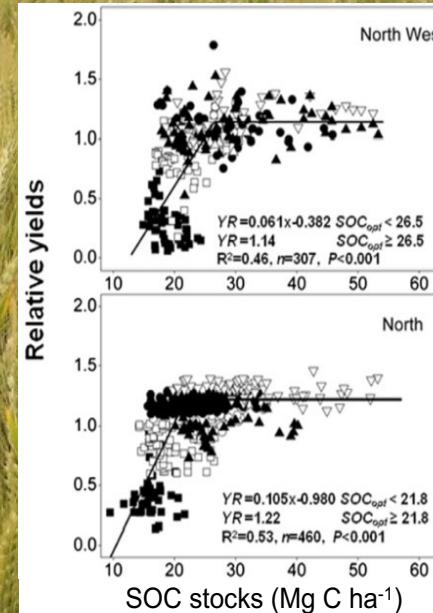


Trade-offs and synergies in European agriculture

Benefits of soil organic matter: yields



Oldfield et al. 2019



Zhang et al. 2016

Nutr Cycl Agroecosyst (2020) 118:325–334
https://doi.org/10.1007/s11104-020-10098-2

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

European survey shows poor association between soil organic matter and crop yields

Wytse J. Vonk • Martin K. van Ittersum • Pytrik Reidsma • Laura Zavattaro • Luca Bechini • Gema Guzmán • Annette Pronk • Heide Spiegel • Horst H. Steinmann • Greet Ruysschaert • Renske Hijbeek

Plant Soil (2017) 411:293–303
DOI 10.1007/s11104-016-3031-x

REGULAR ARTICLE

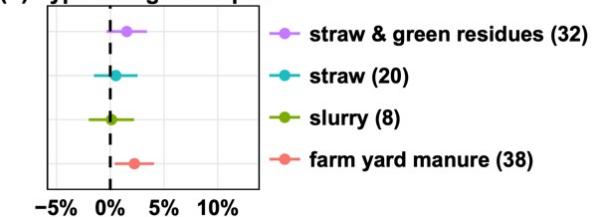
Do organic inputs matter – a meta-analysis of additional yield effects for arable crops in Europe

R. Hijbeek • M.K. van Ittersum • H.F.M. ten Berge • G. Gort • H. Spiegel • A.P. Whitmore

Better predict the benefits

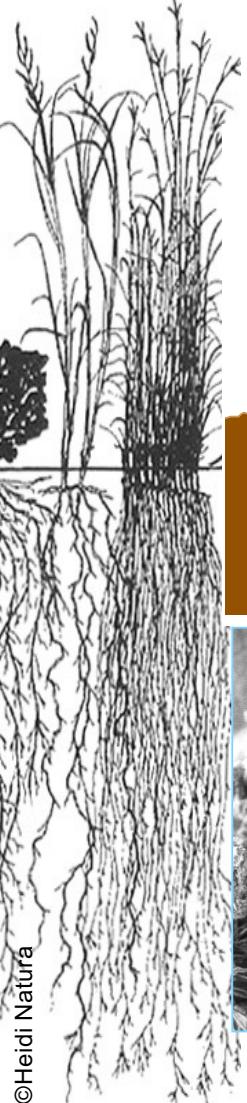
2022-05-04- C.Chenu - ZEA conference-Aarhus

(a) Type of organic input

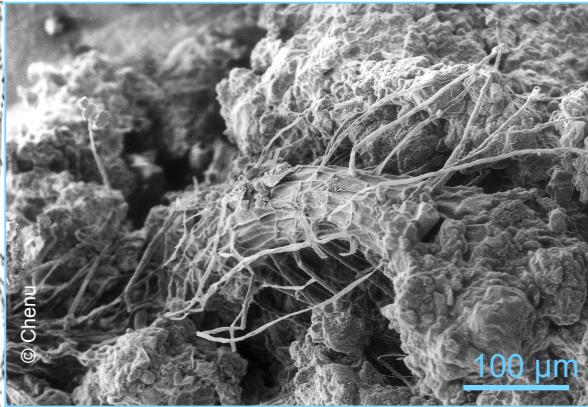
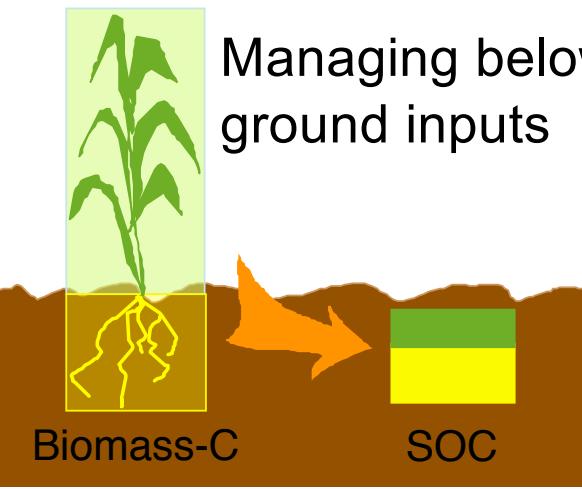


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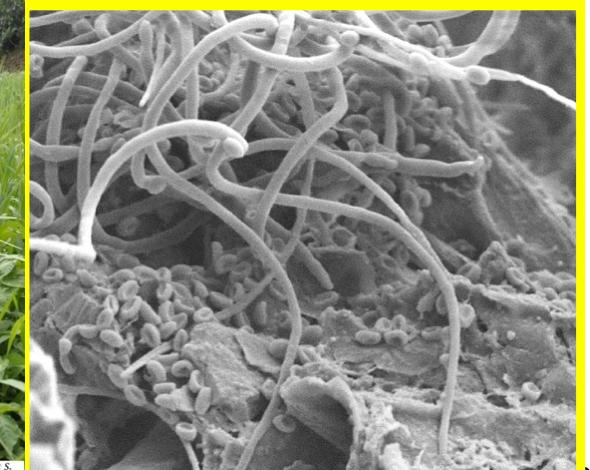
4- Innovative crops and cropping systems for C storage



Innovative options



Increasing/managing biodiversity



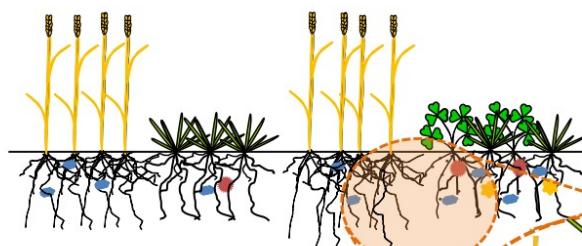
MixRoot and MaxRoot projects

MaxRoot-C

Optimizing C inputs in annual cropping systems

Main crop: Optimize below ground C input by genotype selection

Cover crop: Maximize C input to soil by cover crop type selection

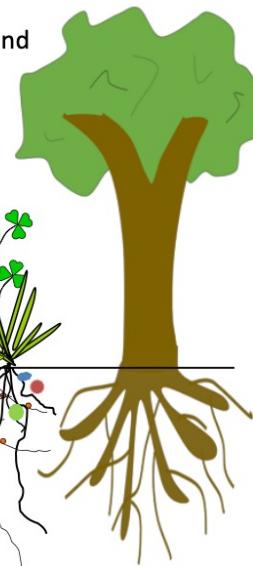


MIXROOT-C

Optimizing C inputs through diversification

Diverse crops: increase below ground C investments by stimulating niche complementarity

Annual → Perennial



TARGET:

Dominant arable production need adaptation of restorative practices to increase C sequestration. This through enhancing:

- MaxRoot-C, improved cultivars and cover cropping
- MIXROOT C, opportunities for mixed farming systems.

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$^{13}\text{C-SOM}$

Encourage farmers to adopt restorative practices

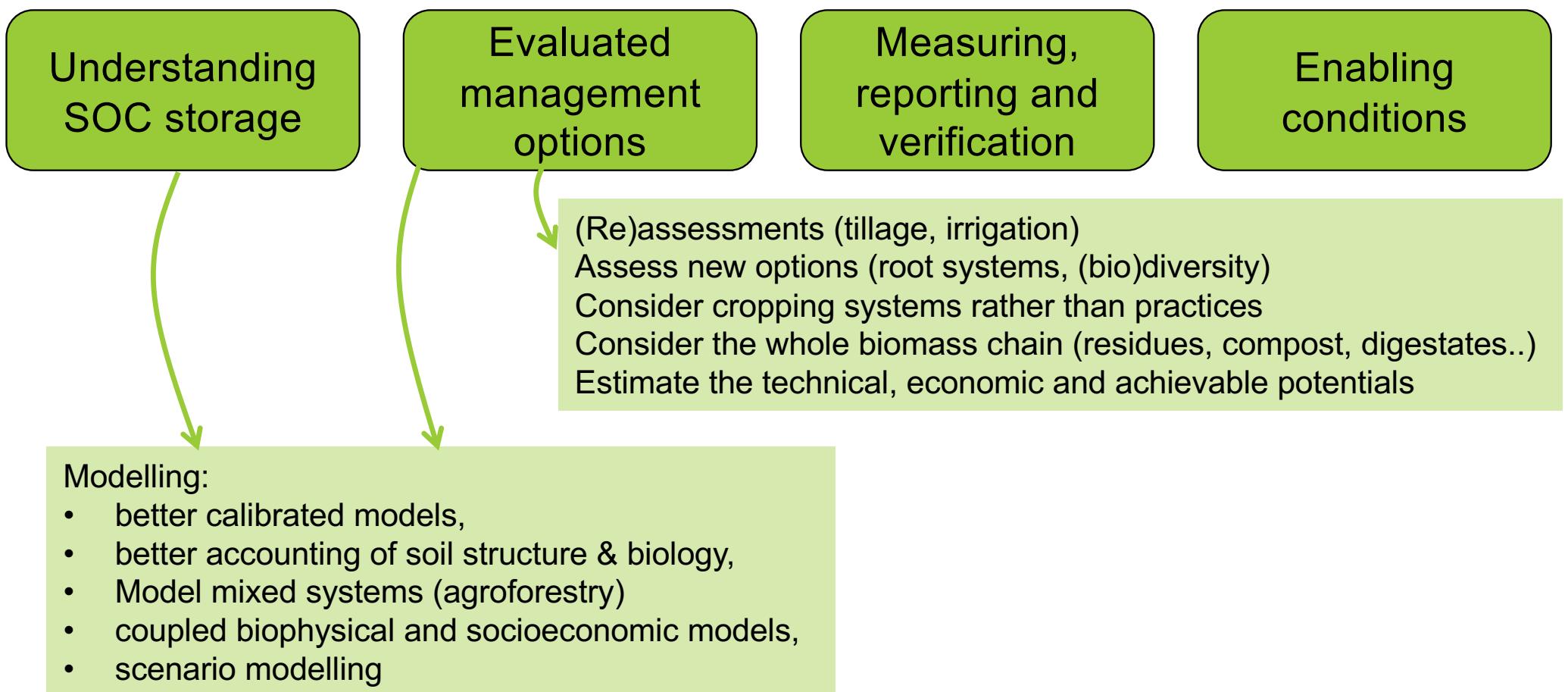
Lead, inspire, provide evidence

Pioneer farmers embracing agroecological practices leading the way to more sustainable farming systems.

©R. Hood & I. Bertrand

5- The way forward

Knowledge needs: crops and cropping systems to store carbon in soils

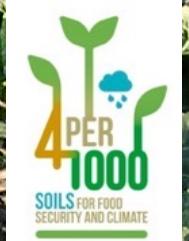


Crops and cropping systems that contribute to carbon storage in soil

- Crops and cropping systems can preserve and increase soil organic carbon stocks
- Significant contribution to GHG mitigation, but limited. Not a magic solution
- Key is increasing organic inputs to soil (cover crops, temporary leys, agroforestry, hedges...): efficient for SOC storage and brings many other benefits
- Integrative view needed: not only carbon! Leakage, trade-offs, ecosystem services
- Priority is protecting/restoring soil quality via soil carbon



EJP SOIL
European Joint Programme



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