Potential for Environmental Fiscal Reform in 12 Member States – Key Issues Global Conference on Environmental

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Taxation, Copenhagen

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Overview

- 1. Background to Study
- 2. Brief Results
- 3. Issues Arising from the Study



- 1. Fiscal Crisis in Many Countries
- 2. European Semester Process
- 3. Options for Fiscal Reform
- 4. Country Specific Recommendations from 2013



- 1. 12 MS-cases: AT, BE, HR, CZ, EE, FR, HU, LT, PL, RO, SK, (IT = update)
- 2. Builds on EEA work (ES, IE, IT, PT)
- 3. With Aarhus University and peer reviewers in each Member State
- 4. Funded by DG Environment
- 5. Follow-up Study Now in Progress
 - 1. 14 Member States
 - 2. Eunomia, Aarhus University, IEEP and peer reviewers

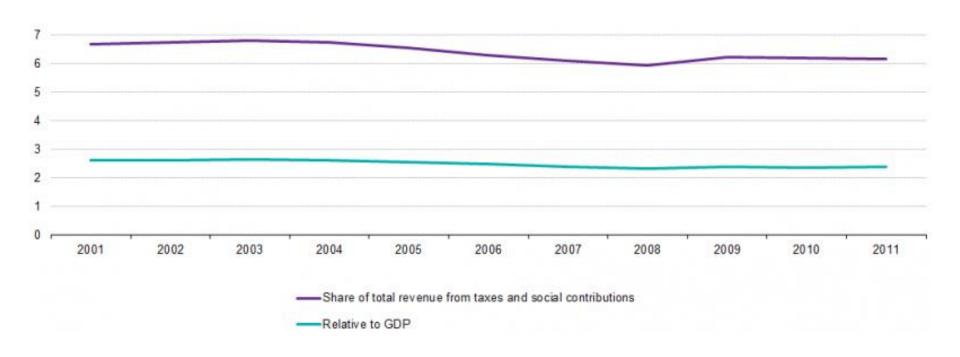


Trends

EU-15/EU-27	1995	2000	2008	2012
Energy taxes	5.33	5.10	4.38	4.55
Transport taxes	1.36	1.33	1.31	1.21
Pollution/resource taxes	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.25
Environmental taxes	6.87	6.63	5.89	6.05

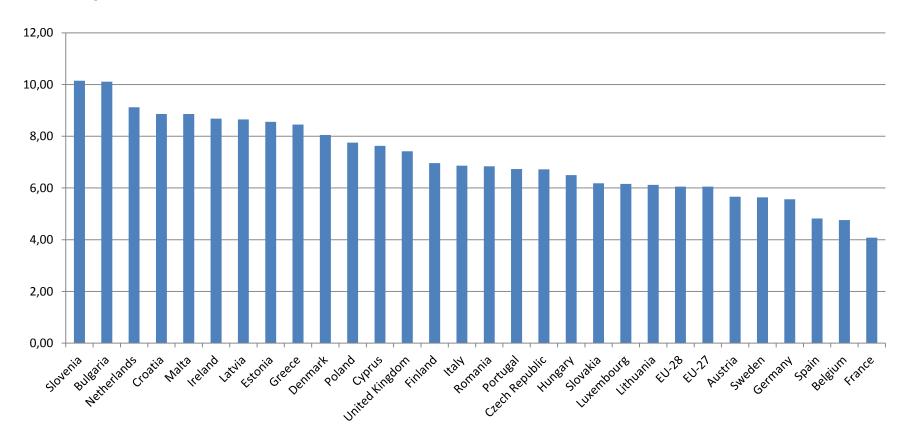


Trends, Share of Total Revenue and Share of GDP



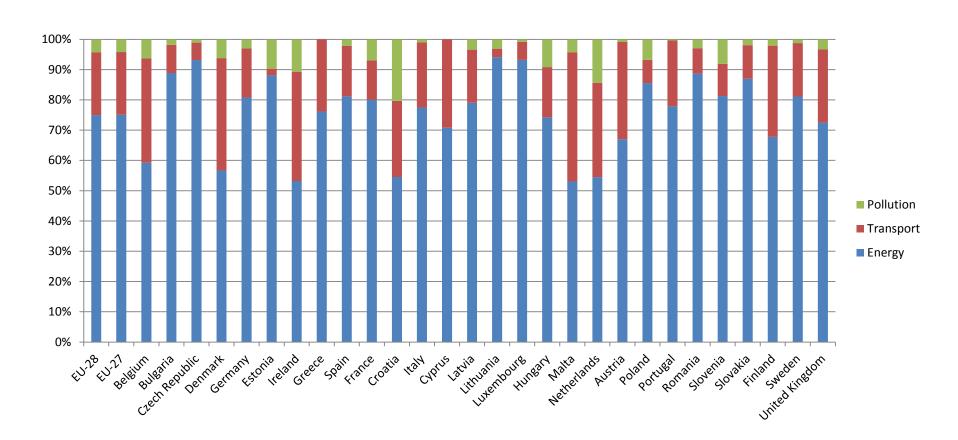


Share of environmental taxes in total taxes in 2012 (as total taxes and SSCs)





Contributions to total environmental taxes in 2012

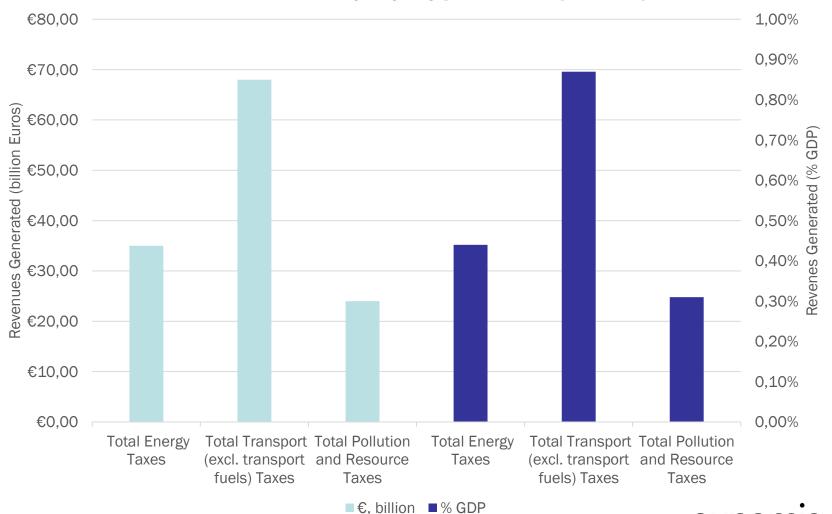




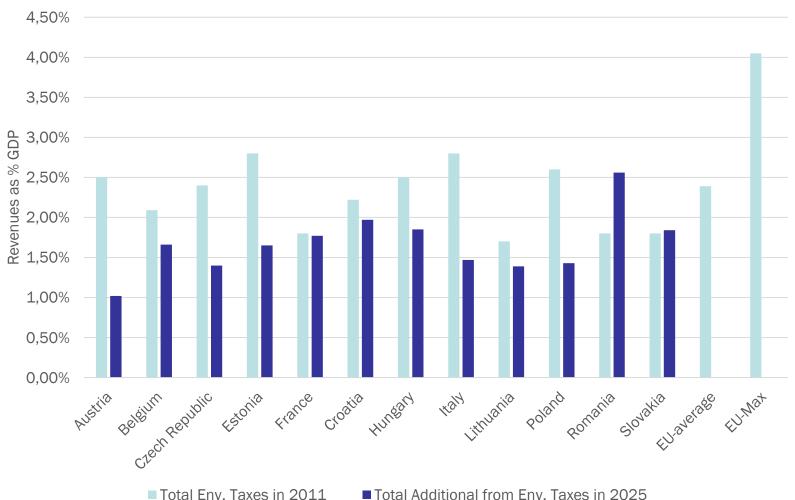
- 1. 12 Member States
- 2. Based on Potential Revenue Generation
- 3. Proposed ETD from Commission (2011)
- 4. Proposal on Passenger Car related taxes (2005)
- 5. Otherwise, 'best practice' (revenue-wise)
 - 1. Rate sometimes adjusted in line with PPP



Additional Revenues, Summary by Type, 2025 (12 MS)

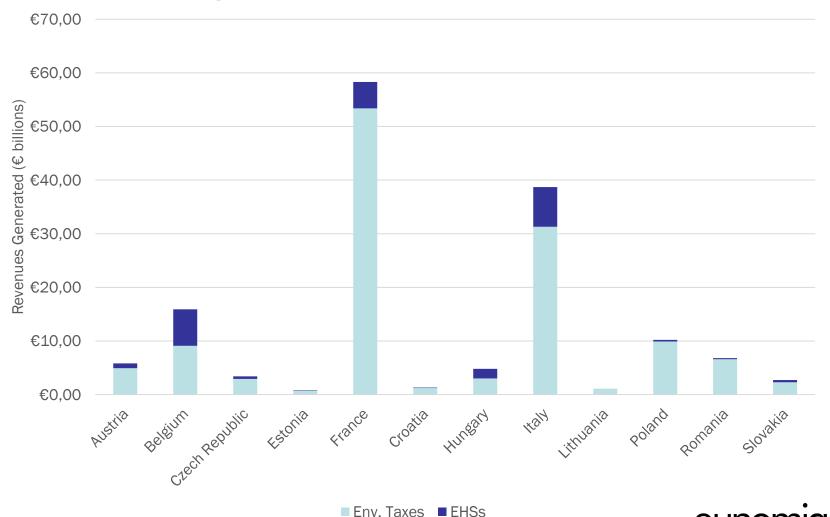


Additional Revenues, By Member State, 2025 (and 2011 levels)





Tax Revenues Compared with EHSs



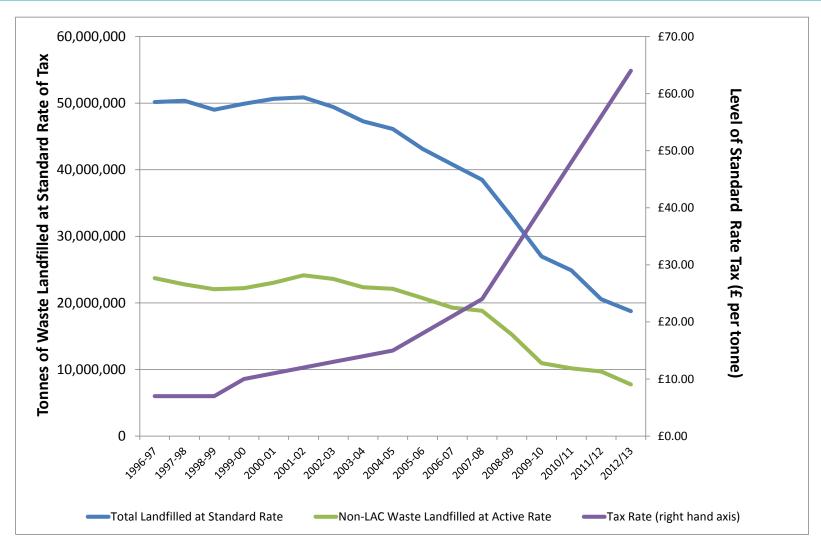
- When is a tax a charge (and vice versa)?
 - Especially an issue with water abstraction and discharge
 - Environmental elements, but basically a means to recover cost
 - Also an issue with waste (though usually easier to deal with)
- How should vehicles be taxed?
 - Registration v circulation?
 - Environmental bases
 - CO₂ or air pollutants? Or neither?
 - How close to zero? (low emissions vehicles)
 - Effectiveness of vehicle taxation?



- Why are air pollution taxes so low?
 - Relatively well understood damages
 - Most taxes well below externalities
 - Many countries without any tax
 - Urban air quality is often poor
 - Links to transport (see above)
- Resource taxes
 - Still mainly the non-traded ones
 - What prospect for the circular economy?



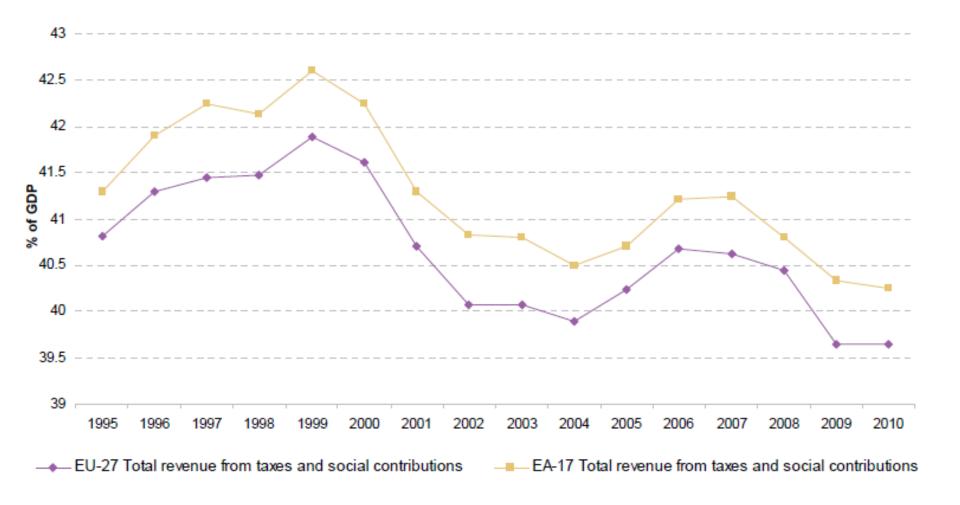
Issues (UK Landfill Tax)





- What scope for major tax shifts?
 - ➤ EU tax and SSCs 40% GDP
 - EU env tax take 2.3% GDP
 - ➤ Upper end tax take 4% GDP
 - Range in EU 4-10% of total taxes and SSCs









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