

# Theory of long-range photoassociation of ultracold atoms with ultracold molecules

J. Pérez-Ríos<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Lepers<sup>1</sup>, O. Dulieu<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Lab. Aimé Cotton, CNRS – Univ. Paris-Sud – ENS Cachan, 91405 Orsay, France*

<sup>2</sup>*Department of Physics, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907, USA*

maxence.lepers@u-psud.fr

As dense samples of ultracold bi-alkali molecules are available, their association with an excited ultracold atom to create triatomic molecules is now under reach. We present a model for atom-molecule photoassociation (PA) based on the long-range multipolar interactions between the partners, which have been shown quite complex due to the competition between the rotational energy of the molecule and the internal energy of the atom [1]. We first investigate the long-range couplings between the various entrance channels of the process, and their effect on the energy level spectrum of the excited atom-molecule complex. A preliminary estimate for the PA rate is derived, based on a one-dimensional approach of the collision between the atom and the molecules in a defined rovibrational level. We make an experimental proposal to observe the formation of excited trimers.

References:

[1] M. Lepers, O. Dulieu, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **13**, 19106-19113 (2011).